Introduced by Assembly Member Holden

June 30, 2015

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 93—Relative to fire safety.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 93, as introduced, Holden. Fire safety: municipal ordinances. This measure would encourage all California municipalities to reexamine regulations surrounding mandatory fire suppression ordinances.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The first automatic sprinkler system was patented 2 in England in 1723 and the first fire sprinkler system was
- developed in the United States in 1874.
- WHEREAS, Fire suppression technology was first used in 4
- residential construction in the state in 1932 when the Union Oil
- Company constructed homes for employees in Santa Paula, 7
 - California; and
- 8 WHEREAS, The City of San Clemente, California was the first city in the nation to adopt an ordinance requiring all new residential 9
- dwellings to contain fire sprinklers; and 10
- WHEREAS, Senate Bill 2579 was introduced in the California 11
- State Senate in 1986 and would have required fire sprinklers in all 12
- 13 residential buildings; and
- 14 WHEREAS, In January 1988, the California State Fire Marshall
- 15 published California's minimum design and installation standards
- for fire suppression systems; and

 $ACR 93 \qquad \qquad -2-$

WHEREAS, On May 4, 1988, several floors of the First Interstate Tower, a downtown Los Angeles high-rise office tower built without fire sprinklers, ignited killing one and injuring 40 others. Subsequent reports indicated a working fire suppression system would have lessened the fire's damage; and

WHEREAS, Following the First Interstate Tower fire, the City of Los Angeles mandated automatic fire suppression systems in all buildings over seven stories; and

WHEREAS, Buildings should be provided with built-in fire suppression systems to offset the negative impact of excessive response times; and

WHEREAS, On April 7, 2015, a massive fire burned through a six floor office building in Los Angeles, a building that was exempted from mandatory fire suppression regulations because of its age and size; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature encourages all California municipalities to reexamine regulations surrounding mandatory fire suppression ordinances; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.